Listing of claims:

(Withdrawn/Currently amended) A method for screening substances which are
potential inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising the
steps of:

a) incubating one or more assay mixtures to produce a readthrough mRNA product, wherein the assay mixtures comprise comprising: a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a ghvOS leader of a T-box regulated gene, including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration equal to or higher than 30 mM; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start site of the ghvOS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the ghvOS leader; and

b) incubating a potential inhibitor substance with one or more assay mixtures to produce a readthrough mRNA product, wherein the assay mixtures comprise comprising: a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a glvQS leader of a T-box regulated gene, including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration of about 30 mM or higher; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start site of the glvQS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specific requence located in the glvQS leader; and

c) comparing the amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to the read-through mRNA product produced in step a) with the amount fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to the read-through mRNA product produced in step b)

wherein a lesser amount fraction of a the read-through mRNA product determined for produced in step b) in comparison with step a) indicates that said potential inhibitor substance inhibits transcriptional readthrough of said T-box glyQS leader and therefore is an inhibitor of expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes.

{00198406.DOC;3} page 2 of 14

- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the divalent metal-eation is Mg²⁺ magnesium concentration is about 30 mM.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the nucleoside triphosphates are selected from the group consisting of adenosine triphosphate, guanosine triphosphate, cytosine triphosphate, and uridine triphosphate, and any combination of one or more of these.
- (Withdrawn) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the dinucleotides are selected from
 the group consisting of ApA, ApC, ApU, ApG, GpA, GpC, GpU, GpG, CpA, CpC, CpU, CpG,
 UpA, UpC, UpU, and UpG.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the bacterial
 promoter is selected from the group consisting of the <u>a</u> B. subtilis glyQS promoter and the <u>a</u> B.
 subtilis rpsD promoter.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product comprises a polynucleotide which is from about 30 to 150 nucleotide residues in length.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the <u>glyOS</u> leader is B. subtilis tRNAGily.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the RNA polymerase is purified from either B. subtilis or Escherichia coli.
- 9. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the <u>ghvQS</u> leader comprises a polynucleotide <u>variant ghvQS</u> leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type <u>glycine synthetase ghvQS</u> leader from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant <u>ghvQS</u> leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both <u>of the wild type ghvQS</u> leader specifier and <u>wild type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type ghvQS leader.</u>
- 10. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the <u>gh/QS</u> leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein any one or more of the in which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence, or the

{00198406.DOC;3} page 3 of 14

wild-type discriminator sequence, and the transcription start site is are altered to complement with the glvOS leader sequence.

- 11. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the <u>glvQS</u> leader comprises <u>a variant glvQS</u> leader polynucleotide <u>sequence</u> which is a variant of a wild-type <u>glycine synthetase glvQS</u> leader sequence from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant <u>glvQS</u> leader <u>sequence</u> comprises modifications to one or both-of-the-wild-type <u>glvQS</u> leader specifier and <u>wild-type antiterminator</u> sequences, and wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the <u>wild-type glvQS</u> leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA <u>wherein in which</u> either or both <u>of-the</u> wild-type anticodon sequence, and the <u>or</u> wild-type discriminator sequence are altered to complement with the variant glvQS leader sequence.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the assay mixtures are comprises an in vitro halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) A method for identifying inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising:

providing two or more *in vitro* halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems which comprise a template DNA comprising: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a polynucleotide comprising a portion of a leader from the *B. subtilis glyQS* gene and including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; RNA polymerase, and uncharged *B. subtilis* tRNA^{Gly}, wherein at least one or more of said assay systems comprises a test substance, and wherein at least one or more of said assay systems lacks a test substance, and comparing the amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to *B. subtilis glyQS* read-through mRNA produced in each of said assay systems, wherein a test substance is considered an inhibitor if it effects a lesser amount of fraction of total mRNA products corresponding to the *B. subtilis glyQS* read-through mRNA produced in an assay system comprising such said test substance as compared to an assay system lacking any said test substance.

- 14. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 13 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the a B. subtilis glyQS promoter and the a B. subtilis rpsD promoter.
- (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 13 wherein the RNA polymerase is purified from either B. subtilis or Escherichia coli.
- 16. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The method recited in claim 13 wherein the sequence of the polynucleotide comprising a portion of the leader from the B. subtilis glyQS leader gene is comprises a variant of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence, wherein the variant emprises comprising modifications to one or both of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader specifier and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glyQS leader, and wherein the uncharged B. subtilis tRNA^{Gly} in

which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence and wild-type discriminator sequence are altered to complement the <u>variant</u> B. subtilis glyQS <u>leader sequence</u>.

17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (Currently amended) An A purified in vitro assay system for screening substances which are potential inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising:
- a) one or more assay mixtures comprising: a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a glvQS leader of a T-box regulated gene, including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration of about 30 mM or higher; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start site of the glvQS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the glvQS leader; and
- b) one or more assay mixtures comprising: a potential inhibitor substance; a template DNA that comprises: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a glyQS leader of a T-box regulated gene,

Application No. 10/617.979 Attorney Docket No. 22727/04130

Response to Office Action of 7/20/2007

specific for a specifier sequence located in the glvOS leader.

including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product; divalent magnesium metal cations at a concentration of about 3 mM or higher; nucleoside triphosphates; dinucleotides corresponding to and encoded by the transcription start site of the glvQS leader; bacterial RNA polymerase complex; and tRNA

19 (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the divalent metal eation is magnesium cation concentration is about 30 mM.

20. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the nucleoside triphosphates are selected from the group consisting of adenosine triphosphate, guanosine triphosphate, cytosine triphosphate, and uridine triphosphate, and any combination of one or more of these.

21. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the dinucleotides are selected from the group consisting of ApA, ApC, ApU, ApG, GpA, GpC, GpU, GpG, CpA, CpC, CpU, CpG, UpA, UpC, UpU, and UpG.

22. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the a B. subtilis glvOS promoter and the a B. subtilis rpsD promoter.

23. (Original) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product comprises a polynucleotide which is from about 30 to 150 nucleotide residues in length.

24. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the glvOS leader is B. subtilis tRNA Gly.

25. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the RNA polymerase is purified from either B. subtilis or Escherichia coli.

26. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the glyOS leader comprises a polynucleotide variant glvOS leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type glycine synthetase glyOS leader from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant glyOS

(00198406.DOC:33 page 6 of 14 Application No. 10/617.979 Attorney Docket No. 22727/04130

Response to Office Action of 7/20/2007

sequence.

leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both of the wild type glvOS leader specifier and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glvOS leader.

27. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier located in the glvOS leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein any one or more of the in which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence, or the wild-type discriminator sequence, and the transcription start site is are altered to complement with the glvOS leader

28. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the leader comprises a polynucleotide variant glvOS leader sequence which is a variant of a wild-type glveine synthetase glyOS leader sequence from a Gram positive bacterial strain, wherein the variant glvOS leader sequence comprises modifications to one or both of the wild type glvOS leader specifier, and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glvOS leader, and wherein the tRNA specific for a specifier sequence located in the wild type glvOS leader is a variant of a wild-type tRNA wherein in which either or both of the wild-type anticodon sequence, or and the wild-type discriminator sequence are altered to complement with the variant glvOS leader sequence.

29. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 18 wherein the assay mixtures are comprises an in vitro halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems.

30 (Currently amended) An A purified in vitro assay system for identifying inhibitors of transcription expression of bacterial T-box regulated genes, comprising:

two or more in vitro halted-complex bacterial transcription assay systems which comprise a template DNA comprising: (i) a bacterial promoter, (ii) a polynucleotide comprising a portion of a leader from the B. subtilis glyOS glyOS gene, including a transcription start site, and (iii) a downstream polynucleotide of sufficient length for detection of a read-through mRNA product: RNA polymerase, and uncharged B. subtilis subtilis tRNA Gly, wherein at least one or more of said assay systems comprises a test substance, and wherein at least one or more of said assay systems lacks a test substance.

page 7 of 14 (00198406.DOC:33

- 31. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the bacterial promoter is selected from the group consisting of the <u>a</u> B. subtilis glyQS promoter and the <u>a</u> B. subtilis rpsD promoter.
- 32. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the RNA polymerase is purified from either B. subtilis or Escherichia coli.
- 33. (Currently amended) The assay system recited in claim 30 wherein the sequence of the polynucleotide comprising a portion of the leader from the B. subtilis glyQS leader gene is comprises a variant of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader sequence, wherein the variant emprises comprising modifications to one or both of the wild-type B. subtilis glyQS leader specifier and wild-type antiterminator sequences as compared to the wild-type glyQS leader, and wherein the uncharged B. subtilis tRNA^{Gly} is a variant of a wild-type B. subtilis tRNA^{Gly} in which either or both wild-type anticodon sequence and wild-type discriminator sequence are

altered to complement the variant B. subtilis glvQS leader sequence.

- 34. (Cancelled)
- 35. (Cancelled)